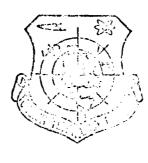


FOREIGN TECHNOLOGY DIVISION



LASER JOURNAL

(Selected Articles)





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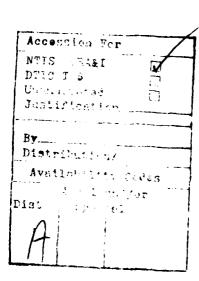
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PROFICE OF THE LIE TELYCENTERCY IN MIRENUS ON DESCRIPTOR PARAMETERS

Zhong Xinebass, Sun Mangjila, and Guo Congidan Shenwi University Submitted & Larch 1980

Influence of thermal defer dien in wherem upon the resonator parenthes is discussed. In designing a high vower large and a fold thresholder CO, large in particular, it must be derivided in advance as such as possible.

When lawer power is increased, thermal deformation in mirrors due to absorption wearing is more apparent; this deformation becomes an important factor, affecting lawer equantor numerous (in particular, more atready folded ${\rm CO}_2$ lawers). So this effect should be considered.

I. Experimented Debuils

We perform all experiences with a 2-meter V-type folded CC₂ laser. Desides the owight airper, all expectation missers were note of entirony optical plans on the base plates. In inflamed-focus-edjuction missertic collinator was used to refer to focus to back of missers) the variotion in the redius of curvature. It is a formation of the properties, those was an appropriate charge in the older particles of them. Then the sucke of the missers were occide with vater, and to be a first difference to the on the formation of them in the properties and the particles of the missers were occide with pattern years to be a first difference to the on the formation of the missers and the pattern of the charge of the missers and the pattern of the charge of the missers and the pattern of the charge of the missers and the pattern of the charge of the missers and the pattern of the charge of the missers and the pattern of the charge of the missers and the pattern of the charge of the missers and the pattern of the charge of the missers and the pattern of the missers and the pattern of the missers are pattern on the pattern of the pattern of the missers and pattern of the pattern of the missers and pattern of the missers and pattern of the pattern of the missers and pattern of the pattern of the missers and pattern of the missers and pattern of the pattern of the pattern of the missers and pattern of the pattern of the missers and pattern of the pattern

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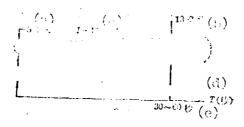


Fig. 1. Changes (with time) of laser output light-spot sires.

Key: (a) 5 million term; (2) 13 million maters; (c) 1=65 million enem; (d) T (second); (e) 30-60 seconds.

We recommined that the difference in the light-spot sizes between the calculated value based on the cavity theory and the initial light spot at t=0 is caused by the lens-like effect of the working gas. The reason why the light spot slowly breadened with time is rainly caused by thermal deformation. Since the settling time of the lens-like effect of the gas can be estimated from the characteristic time during which the gas malecules diffuse from the center (of laser discharge tube) to the tube will [1], and the estimated $\tau_{\rm diffusion}^{\rm con}$ 0.1 second applies to the working gas of ${\rm CO}_2$ laser, it is apparent that the settling time of the lens-like effect (of cas) can be considered as instantaneous. The 30-second period in the experiments respect the settling time of the thornal deformation of the mirror.

Although the location effect of the per to apparent in a CO₂ laser tube. The entire is a coefficient of the feed distance of research in executants was rose than 470; stern, as ever, in the above experience, there were equivered to charge with two ipens of the personal rank. Although the effect of larger reconstruction of the first two first of the coefficient even a larger rank than the thermal examples on a factor, as the entire the pasts to be allowed bloom.

11. The Difference of Little

The transit combinately of the rate of a mirror (in a Cop laner) to write high, as the irrespondence of the riner can be provided of the mirror also inches a contract of the mirror also in that a contain constant temperature. Perfecting the small count of rest convict rary of the discharge that a dair, under the condition of the madynasic condition, the host observed by the inner curface of the mirrors per unit time should be even to the heat considering by beat conduction through the mirrors per unit time should be even to the heat considering by beat conduction through the mirrors per unit of time.

$$P(1-r) = 4.18\beta \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial z}\right) S \approx 4.18\beta \frac{\Delta T}{\partial z} S$$

In the above enc-dimensional thereal conduction equation, P represents power in the laser elabor; I is the reflectivity of sirror; θ is the coefficient of thermal confactivity of the sirror base plate, estimated at θ =0.002 caloric per contineter-second-dense; θ =0.002 caloric per contineter-second-dense caloric per contineter-second-dense caloric

$$\Delta T \approx 120P(1-r)\frac{d}{S^{2}} - 120(1-r)\frac{Wd}{St}$$
 (1)

In the equition, W is the lacer entent power and t is the transmissivity of the output window.

As shown in Fig. 2, R is the redice of convature of the concave lons. At the axis, the render of the vectors are draws from 0 (the center of curvature) toward the render; the included crude between the two radius vectors is ϕ . The curve sector (" at the enter surface of the eigenvalue of the concart coeffice-water temerature. At the inner surface of advers, an increase of AT in temperature is crused by the shaper ion of light energy. The curve sector was increased from (to ('s (('+aV'))) in the ejection, a represente the thermal case, a temperature of the circumstance of the coefficient of the circumstance for Equation (a) increase and the confidence of the coefficient of the circumstance (c) interest we have a surface of the coefficient (c) interest of the circumstance (c) interest we have a constituted to the circumstance (c) interest we have an at the center of the circumstance (c) interest to the constitution of the constitut

$$\frac{R^{t} - \frac{l^{t}}{q^{t}} - \frac{l\sqrt{1 + \alpha\beta T}}{l} - \frac{R(t) + \alpha\beta T}{d - R\alpha\beta T}}{R - \frac{Rd}{d}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{Rd}{d - \frac{Rd}{L^{t}}} - \frac{R}{d}$$
(2)

I' the nimber is a place lead, then

$$R' \approx -\frac{d}{\alpha \Delta T} \tag{2}$$

We can see that thereof deferration increases the radius of consture of concave less and charmen a plant less into a convex less. So possible variation in the radius of curvature (of rimer) should be considered before designing a laser resonator. We call this a consensation design compensating for the thermally defermed resenator of the minuter.

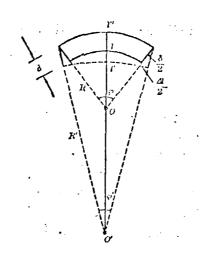


Fig. 2. Thermal deformation of mirror.

III. Effect on Resenctor Parameters of Marror Thermal Deformation

(A) Effect on straight eligher

In a simplest challer with leadth Land where with radii of curvatures \mathbb{D}_1 and \mathbb{R}_2 , for the exhaut mirror \mathbb{D}_1 or it. The sail condictivity is relatively high

Cypy between the term of the contract of the contract of the first term of the equation of the contract of th

$$\begin{aligned} g_1' &= (1 - \frac{L}{R_1}) \\ g_2' &= \left(1 - \frac{L}{R_2}\right) : \frac{120\alpha L (1 + \tau)W}{8t} \\ &= g_2 : MW_0 \\ &= \frac{120\alpha L (1 + \sqrt{\gamma})}{8t}, \end{aligned}$$

In the equision,

For a given mirror, I to a continuo. We can see that the parameter g always linearly in reases risplantamenteally with W. Thus, the laser couput light-spot becomes:

$$\omega' = \sqrt{\frac{I\lambda}{\pi}} \left[\frac{g_2'}{g_1(1 - g_1'g_2')} \right]^{\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{I\lambda}{\pi}} \left\{ \frac{g_2 + MW}{g_1[(1 - g_1g_2) - g_1MW]} \right\}^{\frac{1}{4}}.$$

(B) Effect on folded charker

Since the number of lenses is increased, the effect of mirror thermal deformation on parameters is much more involved than for a straight chamber. By taking as an example a relatively simple V-type folded chamber as shown in Fig. 3, when $a_1=a_2=a$ and $E_1=\infty$ (output of plane lens), the parameters of the equivalent chamber are derived as:

$$\begin{cases} N = \frac{a^2}{2\lambda L \left(1 - \frac{L}{R_3}\right)} \\ G_1 = 1 - \frac{2L}{R_3} \\ G_2 = 1 - \frac{2L}{R_3} - \frac{2L}{R_3} \left(1 - \frac{L}{R_3}\right) \end{cases}$$

When the charter parameters became (after mirror thornal deformation) as follows:

$$\begin{cases} N^{t} & \frac{d^{2}}{2\lambda L} \left[\left(1 - \frac{d^{2}}{R_{3}} \right) + TMW^{\frac{1}{4}} \right] \\ C_{s}^{t} & \left(1 - \frac{2L}{R_{0}} \right) + 4MW \\ G_{2}^{t} & \left[\left(1 - \frac{2I}{R_{3}} \right) - \frac{2L}{R_{2}} \left(1 - \frac{L}{R_{3}} \right) \right] \\ & + 2M \left[\left(3 - \frac{2L}{R_{2}} \right) + \frac{L}{R_{3}} \right]W \\ & + 4M^{2}W^{2} \end{cases}$$

Py user the consendence relational following the equivalent chamber 6 parameters and the relative following:

$$\begin{cases}
g'_{1} = g_{1} = 1 \\
g'_{2} = \left[\left(1 - \frac{2L}{R_{0}} \right) + 4MW \right] \left\{ \left[\left(1 - \frac{2L}{R_{0}} \right) - \frac{2L}{R_{2}} \left(1 - \frac{L}{R_{0}} \right) \right] + 2M \left[\left(3 - \frac{2L}{R_{2}} \right) - \frac{L}{R_{3}} \right] W + 4M^{2}W^{2} \right\}$$
(3)

From the above equations, the parameter G (or g) of the folded elember also incrosses simple-har advertisely with the laser cutput power W; herever, the variation
is much more apparatus than for the straight chamber. The Freezel runder N
decreases simple harvariethly with W; i.e., the releven thermal deformation always
lovers the Freeze's runder. For faultedly notescriby is the fact that there is a
fairly close relationally between the Freezel number for the straight chamber and
the radius of curvature (F₂) of the folded nature. The decrease in the bresnel
number is native sound by thermal deformation of the folded nature. Therefore,
when deciming the folded chamber it is very important to properly select the
radius of curvature of relation micross. From the simple harmonic variation of
charbon connections with the laser output power W, thermal deformation of mirror
can charb a stordy charbon into an unstrody chamber. Conversely, it is also
possible to close an excessively concentrating unsteady charbon into a stordy
working clarity.

10 the effect of the good encedible effect in a elected for the moment, the reducer of the course lie target of the SEE and coming the paper of the feet of

$$|\omega| = \sqrt{\frac{E \lambda}{\pi} \left[\frac{d \lambda}{1 - g \lambda} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}} \qquad (1)$$

In the emergence of the 0 -entropy of the characteristic cixtinn of V-type follows:

$$L' = \frac{2L}{\left[\left(1 - \frac{L}{R_3}\right) + 2MW\right]} - \left[\left(1 - \frac{2L}{R_3}\right) + 1MW\right]$$
 (5)

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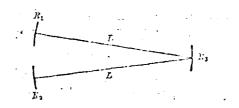


Fig. 3. V-type folded resonator

IV. Treof and Berission

Then the folded charber shown in Fig. 3, select different continuations of the ringer, on exerciculations is conducted to prove the theoretical calculations above. Assume 1/2 maters, Salo continuators, 0/0.5 continuator, and tw/5 percent, and (1-1)/1.4 percent. From calculations, N/6.72x10⁻¹. By applying plan maker 1, R₂=P₁=*, R₃=10 reforms, and q₁q₂=0.36<1; the cavity is a steady cavity. However, when N/100 waters, cirl=1.209/1, the working cirl is becomes an unatoady chamber because of thermal description. With this type of mirror continuation (in a later), the optical later power is less than 100 waters; remover, when the discharge current is increased from 20 to 40 millions was namedly, to characterize the cavity wade, the output remove also have apparent closure. By Michaely physical mirrors namedly to characterize that there is very considerable to an in the cavity; this warm marially increases with increase in four computers are not in the cavity; this warm marially increases with increase in four computers are plant to be 2 to applied. Proc. Carlo reform a state of our Up. 4). However, were plant to be 2 to applied. Proc. Carlo reform, Prof. reform, Prof. -0.006.2; the

we fit a sufficient of a real content of the formula of the fit on, a little of the fit of the fit

According to consistent (3), (4) and (5), endealate for recommons of the two above-relations for iterated by of the equivalent charker and the circler power for $p_{\rm c}^{\rm th}$ with the the corresponding discussions of light spots in the The and Tilly scales. The values are listed in Table 1.

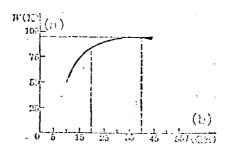
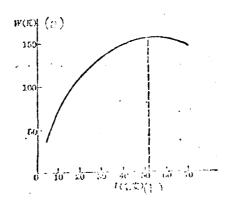


Fig. h. Output power cabibits saturation during thermal description as the stordy eavily because a wearing cryity (unsteady).

Lep: (a) (wattr); (b) (milliamperea).



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		2	fer	73	ithi	j: •	V e	17%	21.89
	117 - 3	94,4 v 2000 1	1	6.78 3	rago, tali L	14.45 N	14.03 x 316	8.3 12.30	4.71 > 1.1
					ri.				
Contract Contract									
Colored Colored	!	C.13	7.19	0.63	9.55	30,65	11.4	19.27	13.75

Yey: (b) Livery car (waste); (b) (cantibuters): (c) (rillifactors).

The manual lineagilla them the experient one listed in balk 2.

Table P

表現事を (a)(ご案)	,	40	15	20	25	Pa	¥5.	₹()	45	50	55	- ₆₀
(16) (42)	26.0	62.0	81.0	101	712	127	136	149	146	152	156	3.00
(c)(4)	3.1	8.2	2.5	10.4	11.5	12.0	12.5	13.8	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0
(a jarm)	(10	10	10	10	20	10	10	30	30	30	10	10

Key: (a) Pirchagne can up (million perce); (b) Lener power (watts); (c) If the root distance (million on); (d) Note.

ento ligare 6 for acaptairen. Ve can see that during lew power periods, generally the energiantial results on. O rectical relation of mode and piece one consistent. When the learn comput power in at history values, the expenditual values are present than the O previous critical relations. The reason for this is that the power on the subtract to exclude the subtract of all the currents. In the previous constitutes of the confidence of the first one of the constitution of the constit

Der Verden in termen der Gerande et de Arten et plante, de propertiern benede de de de Arten de Arten

$$\begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \cosh \gamma L & \gamma^{-1} \sinh \gamma L \\ \gamma \sinh \gamma L & \cosh \gamma L \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -\frac{2}{R_3^2} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \cosh \gamma L & \gamma^{-1} \sinh \gamma L \\ \gamma \sinh \gamma L & \cosh \gamma L \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -\frac{2}{R_2^2} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \cosh \gamma L & \gamma^{-1} \sinh \gamma L \\ \gamma \sinh \gamma L & \cosh \gamma L \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -\frac{2}{R_3^2} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \cosh \gamma L & \gamma^{-1} \sinh \gamma L \\ \gamma \sinh \gamma L & \cosh \gamma L \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -\frac{2}{R_3^2} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \cosh \gamma L & \gamma^{-1} \sinh \gamma L \\ \gamma \sinh \gamma L & \cosh \gamma L \end{bmatrix}$$

In the coustion.

$$\begin{split} R_{2}' &= \frac{R_{2}d}{d - R_{2}\sigma \beta T_{2}} = \frac{2LR_{2}}{2L - 2MWR_{2}}; \\ R_{3}' &= \frac{R_{3}d}{d - R_{2}\sigma \beta T_{3}} = \frac{2LR_{3}}{2L - 4MWR_{3}} \end{split}$$

Assume W=150 webto, Hg=20.16 meters, Hg=10.08 meters, and the value of Y is approximately estimated as 1.6×10^{-3} per centimeter. Then the above-mentioned matrix value is $\begin{bmatrix} -0.0306 & 4.2555 \\ -0.2342 & -0.0285 \end{bmatrix}$

5jnee this optical recurrenting ratrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ O & D \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2g_1''g_2'' - 1 & 2L_e''g_2'' \\ \frac{2}{L_e''}g_1''(J_{11}''' - 1) & 2g_1''g_2'' - 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Therefore, A+(D/2)(for open red f-2) poly. This this less series is counted them the cutpen window, of god. By applying the above counted, we derive purely for Typh. The term of the feet of the Jean chamber. By uniter describe at the red of the late of the limit and the red of the limit applying the feet of the limit of the red of the limit applying the feet of the limit of the red of the limit of the limit of the red of the limit of the red of the limit of

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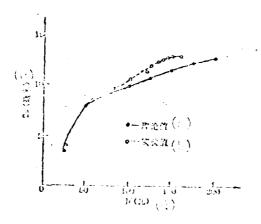


Fig. 6. I comprehent themselves theoretical collection and considered in I recubts of the describing the Helmonian refus; (i) Perceimental results; (a) (ii) Hemolies; (b) (watts).

Fig. 7. The posici of lons somics and its equivalent two-lons churcher as the space is filled with lens dike radium.

V. Discussion

If the value of a body is relatively high and the coefficient of thermal expansion as a constitution as relatively large, we cannot replect the effect of misser them. I defect on an isomerated representations. In particular, for a folded CC₂ is a with emphasize repeater when 100 water, in order to common-chalin, the second is a finished to a formal particular, the course of place discipline tule and misser topoperate particular and defendation must be included as a consequence of the constitution of the include the consequence of the con

FORTH PRODUCT FOR LEGIT OF LASTES

Lei Phizhon, and Thom Schappi Shanghai Institute of Cybias and Fine Machantes, Chinese Academy of Salences Substituted 7 April 1986

Using my tworfor rateix, we have computed here rediined undertolers in the fold it resonator and the dependence on mirror emeasure of resonator and the parameter a of the passible of policies. Foults indicate that folded resonator configuration uses in a laser with larger places length, not only resules also length of the device, but also resonate simplificance for obtaining stable high proceedings taking into account of the effect of negative places lens.

The folded respective configuration is often used in some high-power lasers, such at mus discrete laser, entried laser, high-speed flow gas laser, dwe laser, and realed-rand-leaded high power CO, molecule laser. Especially for CO₂ molecule larers, adoption of the folded chamber not only reduces the spatial lareth of appearance of the output power of the spherouse can also be higher the autitions unfor the weighed confi (rection. In order [1], there is a discursion can a close our lawfor of a respectator consend of times mirrors. However, there is no record as the private to the few offices of the variety value; this is a variety laser tester. The high power lasers, desired has a third that of the configuration of the alternatives at the last of the configuration of the last of the configuration of the few configurations and the first third of the configurations of the configurations. The high power lasers, desired to the output to the first third the configuration of the few configurations and the first order of the configurations of the few configurations. The high power lasers is a first third of the configuration of the first config

The constant of the state of the content of the state of the state of the properties of the content of the properties of the content of the content of the properties of the content of th

We used a timesatural costs i-pada-ientral CC, molecule laser as an except; a light transitission matrix and an electronic disjital cospus r were used for the numerical cost utation. See a recorder characteristics were discussed.

Figure 1 shows a resenator of three-turn sealed-ord-denized CO, nolecular later; $\rm R_1$ is the spherical mirror; $\rm R_3$ is the plane mirror; $\rm R_2$ and $\rm R_3$ are used for the turning light channel, called turning mirrors; and $\rm C_1$, $\rm C_2$ and $\rm C_3$ are, respectively, the lameths of the three-turn discourage tube. According to the light transmission matrix, the AFCD matrix (for a single round trip of a light beam in this resonator) is:

$$\begin{pmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{pmatrix} = T_{11} \cdot T_{12} \cdot T_{13} \cdot T_{14} \cdot T_{15} \cdot T_{16} \cdot T_{15}$$

$$\cdot T_{14} \cdot T_{13} \cdot T_{12} \cdot T_{17} \cdot T_{18} \cdot T_{19}$$

In the equation,

$$\begin{split} & T_{11} = \begin{pmatrix} \cosh[a(l_1 - z_1)], & \alpha^{-1} \sinh[a(l_1 - z_1)] \\ & \alpha \sinh[a(l_1 - z_1)], & \cosh[a(l_1 - z_1)] \end{pmatrix}; \\ & T_{12} = \begin{pmatrix} 1, & 0 \\ -2/R_2, & 1 \end{pmatrix}; \\ & T_{13} = \begin{pmatrix} \cosh(al_2), & \alpha^{-1} \sinh(al_2) \\ & \alpha \sin^{-1}(al_2), & \cosh(al_2) \end{pmatrix}; \\ & T_{24} = \begin{pmatrix} 1, & 0 \\ -2/R_3, & 1 \end{pmatrix}; \end{split}$$

$$egin{align} T_{10} & \left(egin{array}{ccc} rac{ccc}{a & \mathrm{coh}(al)}, & a^{-1} & \mathrm{linh} & \mathrm{sf}() \\ a & \mathrm{coh}(al), & \mathrm{ccch}(al) \end{array}
ight) \ T_{10} & \left(egin{array}{ccc} 1, & 0 \\ -2 / R_{4}, & 1 \end{array}
ight); & \mathrm{coh}(al_{1}) \ a & \mathrm{coh}(al_{1}) \end{array}
ight); \ T_{10} & \left(egin{array}{ccc} \frac{1}{a} & 0 \\ -2 / R_{1}, & 1 \end{array}
ight); \ T_{10} & \left(egin{array}{ccc} \frac{1}{a} & 0 \\ -2 / R_{1}, & 1 \end{array}
ight); & \mathrm{cosh}(al_{1}) \ a & \mathrm{coh}(al_{2}) \ a & \mathrm{coh}(al_{2}) \end{array}
ight)_{a} \ \end{array}$$

The radius a of the light spot of the best in the earlity is

$$\omega^2 = \frac{2\lambda B}{\pi} / \sqrt{4 - (A + D)^2}$$

The volume of the laser nude is

$$V = \sigma \int_0^t \omega^2(z) dz$$

In the equation, λ is wavelength; α is the diametrically distributed parameter of refractivity ($\alpha = \sqrt{n}/n_0$; the diametrical distribution of refractivity n takes the form of wenge+(1/1) n_0 +2). A TO-16 electronic computer was used for the numerical computation.

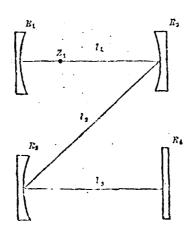


Fig. 1. Policy classes conficuention.

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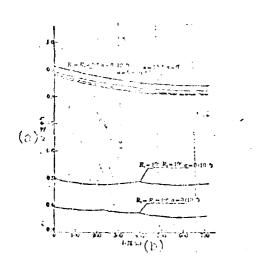
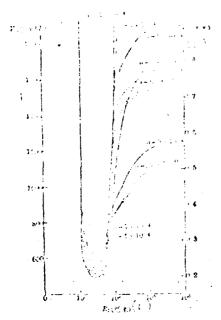


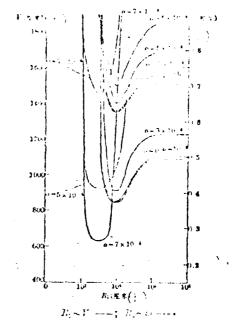
Fig. 2. Distribution of light-spot radii along the length of element in a folded chamer: not folded: ---- folded.
Ney: (a) Secure continuous; (b) Continuous.

Figures 3 through 5 rise the relationship totales the radius of environe of the discretionship in the radius of the discretionship in the radius of the discretionship in the radius of the distribution α . Figures 3 of 4 character variation in the radius of electric with the Unit-mass residue and make volume V for fixed and a 10 to 10 cm as an electric configuration, β =240 cm instern, and β = 250 cm instern.



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lim. F. Helicite John Late on The on end hand, and limbt-nest reliant and made values on the other (Ng=10° centimater.).

New: (a) (cabic centimater); (b) (centimaters).

Appropriate, from chapte are the sure; the mode value is very small at R_3^{\pm} 10^3 . Appearent the condition of the case R_3 value, the mode values at $R_2^{\pm}10^8$ cm is particular, for 1900 cm. However, when the value of a is relatively large (assumed), it is exclusive to let the rade values of resonator approach infinity; i.e., the rade value forms from the value of light output power. According to the results from Figures 3 and h, when $R_2^{\pm}10^6$ and $a_2^{\pm}110^6$, even $R_3^{\pm}10^6$ and $a_2^{\pm}110^6$ and $a_2^{\pm}110^6$, even $R_3^{\pm}10^6$ and $a_2^{\pm}110^6$ and $a_2^{\pm}110^6$ and $a_2^{\pm}110^6$, even $a_2^{\pm}10^6$ and $a_2^{\pm}110^6$ and a_2^{\pm}

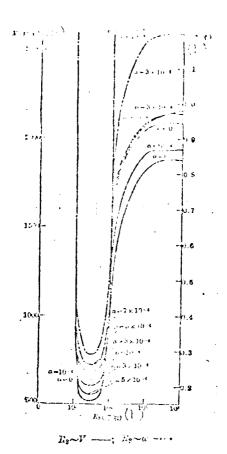


Fig. 4. Relationship between E. on comband, and light-energy reading conditions volume on the observe (Ly-06' or lighters). Fey: (a) (outdo continueters); (b) (continueters).

Me can see from the results in History? to 5 that assessing the condition of the same relians of curvature of the mire we at both resonator ends, the mode value of the 107000 elemination enables than that for the non-folded charles. Prove this reliable adoption of the folder research configuration does not tend to the configuration of the local reliance in a morative lone effect in the local weaking as the folder reconsider configuration is not adopted, the local of light power in the lamb of light power in the lamb of least to an excilence entereded of light power in the lamb of the reconstruction of the light power in the lamb of the reconstruction of the a value). We can be found that a sold to the light being the lamb of the a value). We can be found that another than the light of the lamb of the a value).

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whis point is also proved an originally. The following table shows the output power for different multi-of curvature in a three-turn resonator.

$R_1(\mathbb{N}(\mathbb{N})/\mathbb{N}) = 1.8 \times 10^4$	1.8×104	1.25×10^4
$E_2(\langle \cdot \cdot \cdot \rangle) \langle \cdot \cdot \rangle = \infty$	104	00
$R_3(\mathbb{C}_{\mathbb{C}^3})$	104	101.
14(11) (1)	သ	co
\$B\$ (12) (13) (13) (20)	50	259~370

Key: (a) Continuoters; (b) Output power (watts).

The second secon

When the first set of data is adopted in a resonator, the mode volume is greater than for the third-set of data. However, the power obtained by using the third-set data is much greater than for the first set. From the calculated results listed in Fig. 5, for the resonator of the first-set data, the mode volume is too large; i.e., the loss is too high. For the resonator of the second-set data, the corresponding mode volume is too small, so this is also not suitable. Hence, the leser output power is also the lowest.

Figure 6 shows the relationship among the bear light apot radius, made values, and a value of the laser working medium. We can see from the figure that the impact the radius of analystume of the turn-time without the amalian the allocable range of a values. However, the allocated the tree weeking after these, the larger

Standard to the post time to prove the first the energy of the first transfer of energy of the property of the property of the property of the content of the property of the content of t

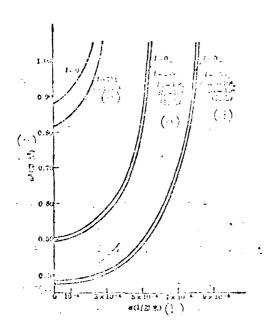


Fig. 6(a). Relationship between light-spot anding and a: (in the figure, curved for (=0 and (=711, 235 represent, respectively, light-spot ridius of nirror E, and the values of light spots at distances of 711 and 235 cm from mirror R₁)
Key: (a) (square centimeter); (b) (1/centimeter); (c) (not folded); (d) (201 and).

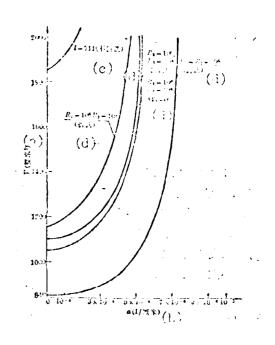


Fig. 6(b). Rolationship between mode volume and a.

Key: (a) (cubic centimeter);
(b) (1/centimeter); (c) (not folded); (d) (Folded).

Therefore, when designing a resonator, it is appropriate to choose spherical mirrors as light-turning mirrors; as for the R₂ and R₃ values, they are related to the length of each folded element. By using the light transmission matrix and its standard calculation procedure, a comparison calculation can lead to the mode volume and in-charles some thus, nultable values can be chosen.

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A COMPER VALOR LASER

Liang Paogen, Jing Chunyang, Zhang Guiyan, Yin Xanhua, Cong Yunching, and Han Samochen

Shanghai Institute of Optios and Fine Mechanics, Chinese Academy of Sciences

Submitted 30 November 1979

With copper vapor or copper halide vapor as laser medium, excited by high reputition frequency resonance blumlein discharge circuit, laser output are obtained at 5100Å and 5782 Å. For charge capacitance of 1.5 nf, charge voltage of 6000 V and a repetition rate of 16 kHz, the average output laser power is 1.2 V.

I. Introduction

Among pulsed motel vapor lawers, the atomic copper vapor lawer is a typical type. The copper vapor lawer requires relatively high working temperatures and excitation with short pulses; there are a series of technical difficulties. In the past, people were not interested in the development of copper vapor lawers. Until 1972 after Soviet researchers successfully resultantical implements with the average newer of 15 wetts 51%, the removal autitude was changed in a ware of improving and developing copper and other metal vapor lawers. In 1973, the American used copper ballide to replace copper at the wording median in considerably reducing the required working

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Copper to correct builds vision to object it as the later verbing matrix. It has generally that botal was a ben very low vesor procure at each temperature, and expect is one such metal. However, for resonance religible copture, the minimum vapor density of $10^{13}~{\rm cm}^{-3}$ is required for a 1-ch diameter tube. This vapor construction only be attained at high temperatures. For expect halfdes, the temperature required to attain this valor density is 360000000 as we applied discharge religible to above 15000. The used an electric furnace outside a discharge tube to first best the copper to 100000. Then after discharge, the pure copper heated spontaneously to a high temperature above 150000.

An quarte tube of about and a coramic eluminite tube were used to construct the discharge tube; the distance between electrodes is 250,300 mm; connections between cerims tungeten electrode and quarte tube employed molybdomam scale. Two terminals of discharge tube were ground into a quarte bragg angle. In a copper halide vapor laser, copper halide was placed in a side tube at a middle of discharge tube. For a pure copper vapor laser, the copper powder is uniformly placed axially electrone securic cluminite tule; in the tube 20 term of mean is filled as a turber gas. The distance some uses a vacuum quests sleeve or astertos cloth as insulation.

the resonator is semi-upo of a minner of multilayer adding function (see a rank law of energy of) with both reflective to 5106 $^\circ$ and a term of the off opening (or a place and this problem).

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Note that the second of the second of the period of the second of the s After one promise the constitution of the open the extension and the extension second of the fact of an experience of the two purposes in its artist. We taken a unit color med the len december by represented interpretabilities, may be I discourse checkly to week this requirement. Figure 1 persons the the policiable Wine in he this circuit. In the current, inchesped to and anyonithans a constitute a renormor charge election the trip oring frequency of a section pulse throwns as used to energe end discharge in the multiple material on Programmy. A 70%-htt/16 pulse theratron was picked so the suitching element with grid tringer pulse supplied by the pulse transferses output level paries-connected to a COTH 3.5/3 Diprime. The pulse transferous was controlled by on adjustable fragments pulm adjust generator. After expections O resonantly character to voltage Up through industance I, discharge began from the expeditor assoling the central rader thurstran and its characteristic frequency for excillation. The weltage at capaciter C was lowered from the full of value V_{α} to negative V_{α} through here. If at this time, he simpult to exhibited to the locer tube, the potential difference of the maneigons or mattern a value twice as large as U. . After corporation with the laser to , especitor C discharged with engenet I black in the (laser's) enductions, canaditance, pure resistance, one circuit stray inductions. Since at this bias thyroteen use open, the threatier epen and election time had no effect on the laper twice disciplic circuit. A higher coffctorcy can be attribut with sween matching of tircuit and laren type.

Figure 2 shows fine vellege vaveters of the second dischary. We can see from the flygree that the charge veltars given approximate the first process of the veltar given a process of the first process of the veltar to the charge in the veltar to the charge in the veltar to the continuous form the context three first process of the veltar context three contexts the context three

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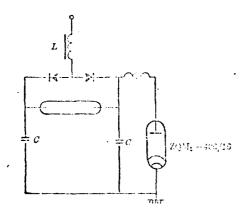


Fig. 1. Schematic diagram of charge and discharge circuit.

Fig. 2. Voltage waveform at charge and discharge: time scale at 0.1 millicecond per centimeter.



Fig. 3. Charge exprent waveform: archituse at 10 volts per continue or and time nords at 50 nanouezemis per continetor.

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For copyes hall's vapor labor, the everage labor output power in 1.2 returning an internal labor tube displator of 112 pole-to-pole distance of Sel million term, character appointment at 1.5 nano heads, character voltage of 6000 volts, and pulse rejection frequency at 16 kiloheats.

For a pure copper vapor laser ($\xi 8x250$), the average laser output power is 150 millitatus with charge capacitance at 2 nanofarads, charge voltage at 6000 volts, and pulse repetition frequency at 10 kiloherts.

A circular-disk monochromator (with removal of a narrow exit seam) was used for photographing 5106Å and 5782Å spectral lines (Fig. 4). In the figure, the mercury spectral line is used as a comparison line.



Fig. 4. Light spectro? Ther for 5000 mat 17000 (the ore only line in modern a copyr foom line).

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Pig. 5. 5106% laser waveform: (a) Time noble at 50 m no. coords per continctor; (b) Time so de at 0.1 milliaecond per centimeter.

During the exteries to it was found that the indepent wearing of supper holids during the working process in an important factor why this type of leser apparatus has a short life-span. Under the precondition of correctly controlling temperatures, an increase of the filling medium is the most direct method of extending the laser emission pervice life. The filling medium of our laser (\$8x250) amounted to about 2 grams and the stabilized light-emitting duration was more than 15 hours. During the later period of the service life of this type of laser, often the (relatively intensive) discharge channel is quivering, bending, and narrowing; this is relatively closely related to the electrophoresis effect during the discharge process. The electropheresis effect causes the density of copper particles to readually decrease in the discharge channel. In a siturdica where there is no timely supply of the filling medium, E/N gradually increases, causing an unstable discharge electrode, or even and lenly extinguishing it.

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SCIENCE NOTES: ULTIMITELET PRE-TONFORMION DINCHARGE FURT APP LASER

Fu Shufen, Chen Jianuen, and Liu Miacheng Shraphai Institute of Optics and Fine Mechanics, Chinese Academy of Swichese

On an ultraviolet pre-ionization high-gas-pressure leser, we successfully achieved Arl laser oscillation. The experimental installation is shown in Fig. 1. The discharge chamber is a hylon circular cylinder one meter long, with an internal dismeter of 76 millimeters. A thin-shell aluminum flange was used to directly connect an optical resonator sheet onto two cylinder terminals. By use of an clastic (deformation adjustment) cavity sheet of the flange, it is conveniently adjusted with stable characteristics. In addition, the effect of absorption by the ausosphere layer (in the external cavity type apparatus) on laser wavelength can be avoided.

The main discharge electrode is brand; its surface is cylindrical with helmillimeter. This round, smooth electrode with small radius can lead to uniform discharges and to strongthen the density of the excellation power. The parallel-slate constitute on ists of two 0.0-ma-thick electrodes appear film, with a smallel deficie of polypator whim file. The radiu to be similar to the electrodes

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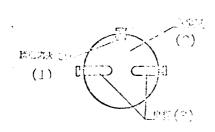


Fig. 1. Cross-resting a disgress of ultraviors by pro-issumstion are larger.

Key: (1) her-formation country plate; (2) Discharge channer; (3) Electrone plate.

Fig. 2. Hou)valent circuit of laner system.
Ecy: (1) Triggering; (2) De-layed.

When the main discharge and charge are 20 kilovolts, the total input energy is 6 joules. The delay time between main discharge and pre-ionization is a very important parameter; the selection of the best delay time relies on the pre-ionization capacitance, charge voltage, constituents of gas filled, and gas pressure.

The gas mixture is NF3:An:Ne=0.2%:12%:67.8%; laser outputs were obtained at a total gas pressure of 1.5%2.5 atmospheric pressures. Figure 3 shows a blackness curve of the ArP laser spectrum photographed with a 2-meter grating spectromeph; the total winth at helf intensity is 3A.

Compared with Mark and dust, the provide life of the Art laser is consider, by plantar; this is ratially because of light-absorbed impossible du It discharge. In order to a data long service life and

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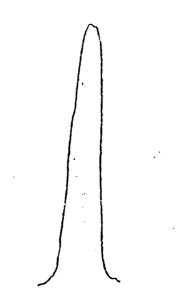


Fig. 3. Blackness curve of Arr laser spectrum

The authors express their gratitude to Fudan University and Dolian Enstitute of Chemistry and Physics for providing gas used in the experiment.

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EMPERIABLES AND LESSABOR OF ELECTRON REAR CONTROL XeC: QUASI-MOLECULE LADIR

Hong Pu

Institute of Electromics, Chinese Academy of Sciences

We built a large volume (10 liters) electron beam lateral pump and electron beam-controlled discharge laser; Fig. 1 shows the schematic diagram of the laser structure.

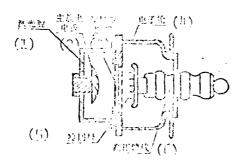


Fig. 1. Schematic diagram of statesture.

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Polyimies a trimenet (4) Fice-tree que; (3) Cold enth sie; (6) High true los pourcestend line.

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The first control of the desirable and a proper testion than plexically of the desirable and the property of the confidence of the confide

the ances of the laser resenttor is a solid aluminum Thing electrode. There are two values for the distance between two electrodes. Much d=5.7 centimeters, the discharge volume of the laser resonator is 5.7 liters; when d=9 centimeters, the discharge volume of the laser resonator is 9 liters. The power source for the main discharge is composed of four pavallel capacitors of 0.5 microferad and 50 kilovolts.

In the experiment, HOI was used as the chlorine source. Ar was used as a diluting epoch; the mixing ratio is Ar/Xe/HOI=95.8/3.8/0.2. The total pressure was one atmospheric pressure. At the side of the total reflection mirror (rate of transparency 0.2 percent) of the laser resonator; the laser spectrum was obtained by photography. When a low-pressure researcy long is used as stooked spectras, Fig. 2 shows the protographed spectral lines and Fig. 3 shows the spectra declarate even with measure i. From Mar. 3, two laser spectra are clearly seen with involving the at 2000 Arnd 3000 Y.

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Fig. 2. XeCl laser spectral lines.

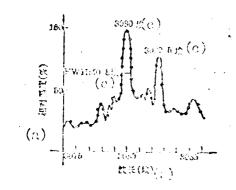


Fig. 3. Distribution curves of feCl trace my of our density. Rey: (F) restribe FiniteDrag (2) May teach (A); (3) A.



Fig. 4. Larer spot (et 0.48 meter from the cutput window).

The maximum comput energy is I deale. During experiments, the entert windle were becomes been true and a that time, the effective version of these exceptor was 1.6d liters; the effect, the cutput among the first will velve use 0.9 Joile per liter; the convertion and provide a per liter; the convertion and provide a per liter; the convertion and provide a per liter.

